

工學碩士學位 請求論文

污染 土壤 生物學的
處理 研究

A Study on Biological Treatment of
Diesel- Contaminated Soils

2002年 8月

仁荷大學校 產業大學院

環境工學科

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指導教授 尹 泰 一

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主審 _____ (印)

副審 _____ (印)

委員 _____ (印)

Abstract

A Study on Biological Treatment of Diesel-Contaminated Soils

The contaminated-soil treatment technologies in Korea are still in an introducing stage of the technologies of advanced countries. So it is greatly necessary to develop our own technologies which are suitable for our environment and at the same time the support of government continued. Among these technologies, in-situ bioremediation has been developed with rapid extension due to many advantages. However, because this technology is greatly affected by site environment, desired results can be obtained if only several limiting factors are properly controlled. For example, the best microorganism activity can be sustained when both nitrogen and phosphate are added together to the mesocosm as inorganic nutrients. However, it was found that overdosing of nutrients may inhibit the decomposition of hazardous organic matters.

Generally, the important limiting factor is oxygen when the contaminated-soil is treated and now the application possibility of hydrogen peroxide is investigated as an oxygen source. Hydrogen peroxide decomposes easily due to reaction with iron mineral in the underground soils and oxygen evolution increases linearly with an

increase of iron mineral concentration. It was found that the decomposition rate of hydrogen peroxide decreased when metal-complexing agents such as phosphate or citric acid were added. And when hydrogen peroxide was used as an oxygen source, hydroxyl radical was generated due to the reaction between hydrogen peroxide and iron mineral in soils. Although this hydroxyl radical has toxicity to the microorganism, its toxicity can be lessened if phosphate or citric acid are properly added. Generally, the microorganism can not survive in more than 250ppm of hydrogen peroxide, but if citric acid was added, it became active more than 300ppm of hydrogen peroxide. It was decided that hydrogen peroxide can be efficiently used for aerobic bioremediation if citric acid can be properly applied for as stabilization and metal-complexing agents.

目 次

要約文	-----	
Abstract	-----	
目次	-----	
List of Tables	-----	
List of Figures	-----	
緒論	-----	1
理論的 背景	-----	4
2.1. 污染土壤 處理技術	-----	4
2.2. 土壤 蒸氣 抽出法	-----	4
2.3. Bioslurping 技術	-----	6
2.4. 微生物 油類 分解	-----	8
2.5. 酸素源 過酸化水素 適用	-----	11
實驗	-----	14
3.1. 實驗材料	-----	14
3.2. 實驗方法	-----	15
3.2.1. 殘存 過酸化水素 濃度分析 實驗	-----	15
3.2.2. 微生物 酸素消耗量 測定 實驗	-----	15
3.3. 分析方法	-----	17
結果 考察	-----	18
4.1. 制限因子 濃度 決定 實驗	-----	18
4.1.1. 總窒素 總磷 濃度 決定 實驗	-----	18
4.1.2. 過酸化水素 濃度 決定 實驗	-----	18

4.1.3. 微生物 製劑 濃度 決定 實驗	-----	21
4.2. 鐵鑛石 過酸化水素 分解時 Phosphate Citric Acid가 影響	-----	24
4.3. Hydroxyl Radical 微生物 成長 影響	-----	27
4.4. Metal-Complexing Agents Phosphate Citric Acid가 微生物 成長 影響	-----	30
結論	-----	34
參考文獻	-----	35

List of Tables

Table 1. Estimated Treatment Cost of Remediation Technologies	----3
Table 2. Molecular Composition of Bacterial Cell	-----9
Table 3. Microorganism Population Distribution in Soil and Ground water	----- 10
Table 4. Catalytic Activity of Several Ferric-centered Catalysts in the Decomposition of Hydrogen Peroxide	----- 13

List of Figures

Fig.1. Typical In-situ Bioventing System	7
Fig.2. Schematic Diagram of Respirometer System	16
Fig.3. The Effect of Inorganic Nutrient Addition to the Microorganism Growth	19
Fig.4. Total Mass of O ₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Inorganic Nutrient Concentration	20
Fig.5. Total Mass of O ₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Hydrogen Peroxide Concentration	22
Fig.6. TPH Removal at Different Microbe Concentration	23
Fig.7. First-order of Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition for Different Concentration of Phosphate	25
Fig.8. First-order Fit of Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition for Different Concentration of Citric Acid	26
Fig.9. CFUs Variation at Different Hydroxyl Radical Concentration	28
Fig.10. The Effect of Hydroxyl Radical Concentration to the Microorganism Growth	29
Fig.11. Total Mass of O ₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Phosphate Concentration	31
Fig.12. Total Mass of O ₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Citric Acid Concentration	32

Fig.13. Total Mass of O₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different
H₂O₂ and Metal-Complexing Agents -----33

· 緒 論

가

가

2006

가

¹⁾, 21

2%

가

1995

1996

²⁾

가

6,7,8,9)

Bioventing

Table 1. Estimated Treatment Cost of Remediation Technologies

	Technology	Treatment Cost (won)/(ton)	
()	/	60,000	210,000
		60,000	900,000
		12,000	120,000
		60,000	180,000
	/	90,000	
		100,000	150,000
		180,000	500,000
		150,000	250,000
		30,000	120,000
	/	100,000	180,000

. 理論的 背景

2.1. 污染土壤 處理技術

, , 가
, ,
.
In-situ / Ex-situ
, Media / / 가 .

2.2. 土壤 蒸氣 抽出法

가 .
가
가 ,
.
揮發性, 準揮發性
. Extraction well, Injection well Well
. 가 가

2.3. Bioslurping 技術

Bioslurping 減
壓回收裝置 .
生物學的 排氣(Bioventing) 流動 , 가
10) .
Bioslurping 流動
流動 ,
가
가
Bioslurping (>30ft) 가
In - situ , 가
가 . Fig.1. Bioslurping

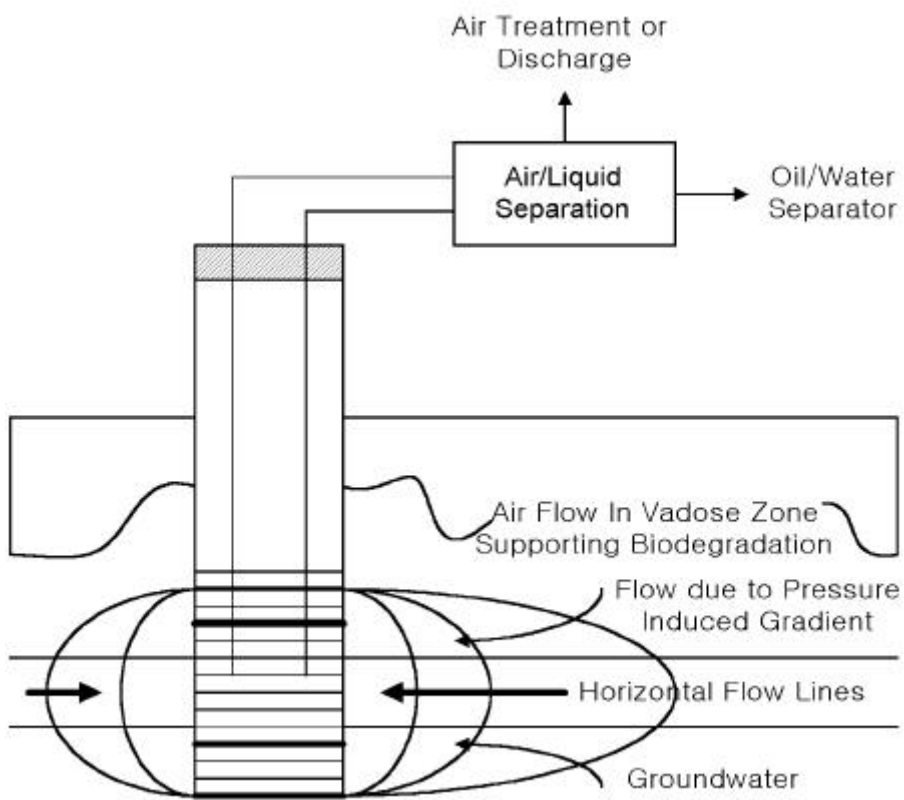
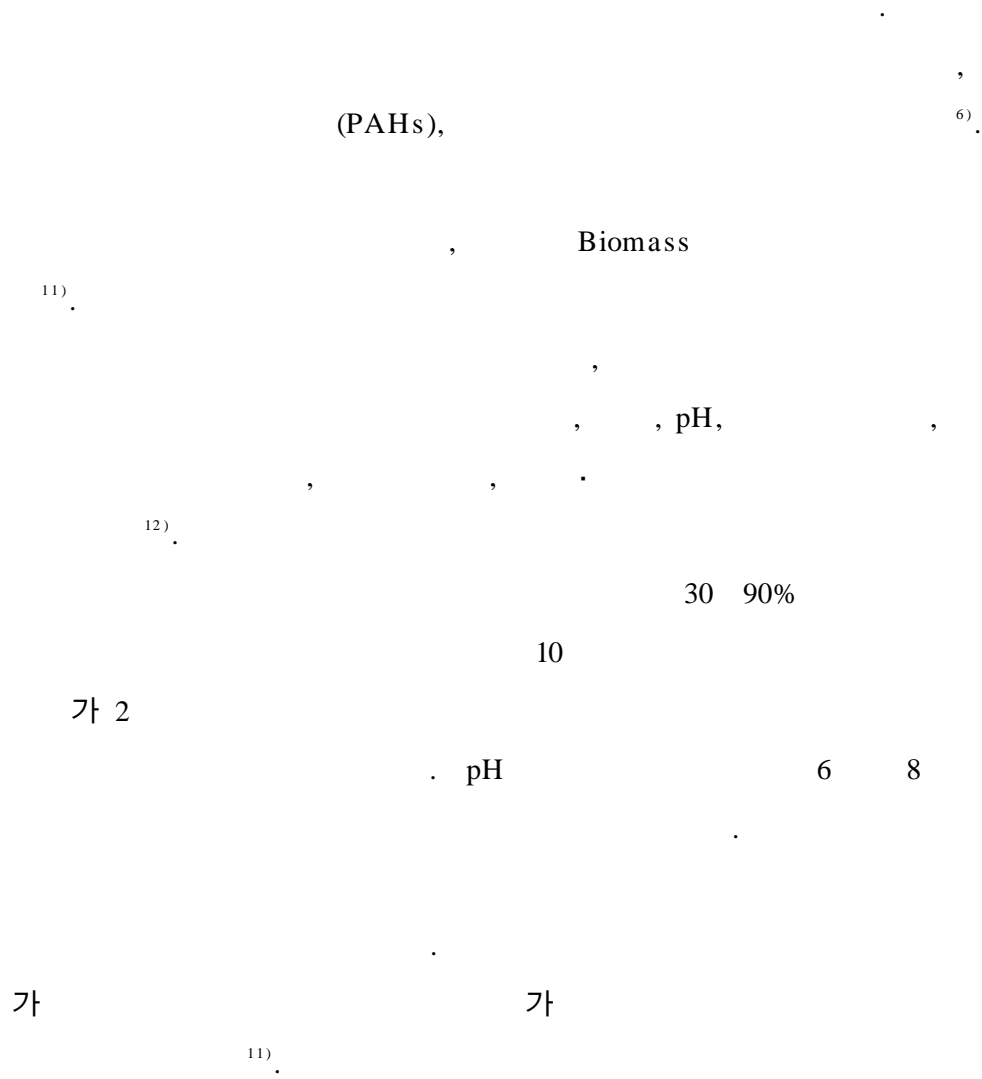


Figure 1. Typical In-Situ Bioslurping System

2.4. 微生物 油類 分解



C : N : P 가 100 : 10 : 1

13)

가

14)

Table 2.

15)

Table 2. Molecular Composition of a Bacterial Cell

Element	Dry weight (%)	Element	Dry weight (%)
Carbon	50	Sodium	1
Oxygen	20	Calcium	0.5
Nitrogen	14	Magnesium	0.5
Hydrogen	8	Chloride	0.5
Phosphorus	3	Iron	0.2
Sulfur	1	Others	0.3
Potassium	1		

가

窒素源 磷源

가

16)

/

/

가

Table 3.

15)

Table 3. Microorganism Population Distribution in Soil and Ground Water

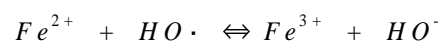
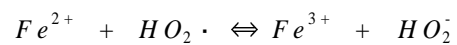
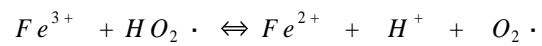
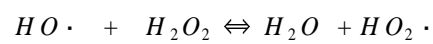
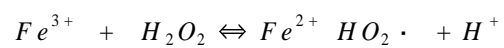
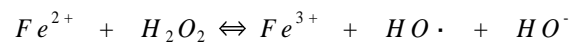
Soil/ Ground Water	Organism	Population Size		
		Typical		Extreme
Surface Soil (Cells/gram soil)	Bacteria	0.1	1 billion	> 10 billion
	Actinomycetes	10	100 million	100 million
	Fungi	0.1	1 million	20 million
	Algae	10,000	100,000	3 million
Sub Soil (Cells/gram soil)	Bacteria	1,000	10,000,000	200 million
Ground Water (Cells/Mℓ)	Bacteria	100	200,000	1 million

2.5. 酸素源

過酸化水素 適用

가 , 가
 17).
 가 가 ,
 , 가
 8).
 , 가
 가
 8,18,19). , ,
 ,

7,17,18). , 가
 (Hydroxyl Radical) TCE, PCE,
 ,
 6). 가
 20).



가

가

가

¹⁷⁾.

Table 4.

Catalase

가

가

²⁰⁾.

가

가가

90

85%

가

.

가

가 가

Phosphate

Citric Acid

²⁰⁾.

Phosphate

Scavenger

, Citric Acid

Scavenger

^{20,21)}.

**Table 4. Catalytic Activity of Several Ferric-centered Catalysts
in the Decomposition of Hydrogen Peroxide**

Catalyst	Activity (turnover number)
Catalase	9×10^4 (pH 7, 20 °C, 0.01 mol peroxidase)
Peroxidase	4.0 (pH 7, 20 °C, 0.01 mol peroxidase)
Fe(III)-TETA	22.0 (pH 7, 25 °C, 0.15 mol peroxidase)
Fe(III) or Fe(II) Ion	1.0 (pH 5, 0 °C)

. 實驗

3.1. 實驗 材料

Junsei Chemical Co. Ltd. 35% Extra
pure, Iron oxide Goethite
Aldrich Chemical Co., Inc. Catalytic grade
30 50mesh(0.3 0.6mm)
202.29m²/g 170mesh(0.088mm)

Citric Acid 3 1 가
Citric Acid Monohydrate Shinhyo Pure Chemicals Co., Ltd.

Diesel Degradar Sybron Chemicals, Inc/Bioche-
mical Division NH₃Cl
KH₂PO₄ Junsei Chemical Co. Ltd.

Agar Plate
Bacto Tryptone, Bacto Yeast Extract Difco Laboratories
Glucose Agar Junsei Chemical Co. Ltd.
Bacto Peptone
Difco Laboratories

3.2. 實驗 方法

3.2.1. 殘存 過酸化水素 濃度分析 實驗

250Mℓ
HCl
(1.0g/L)
pH 7 ± 0.2가
500ppm
magnetic stirrer
200Mℓ가
1N NaOH 1N
, Phosphate Citric acid
foil

3.2.2. 微生物 酸素消耗量 測定 實驗

Comput-Ox Respirometer (Model
OO-104 : N-Con Systems Company, Inc.)

KOH

CO₂ KOH



Fig 2. respirometer

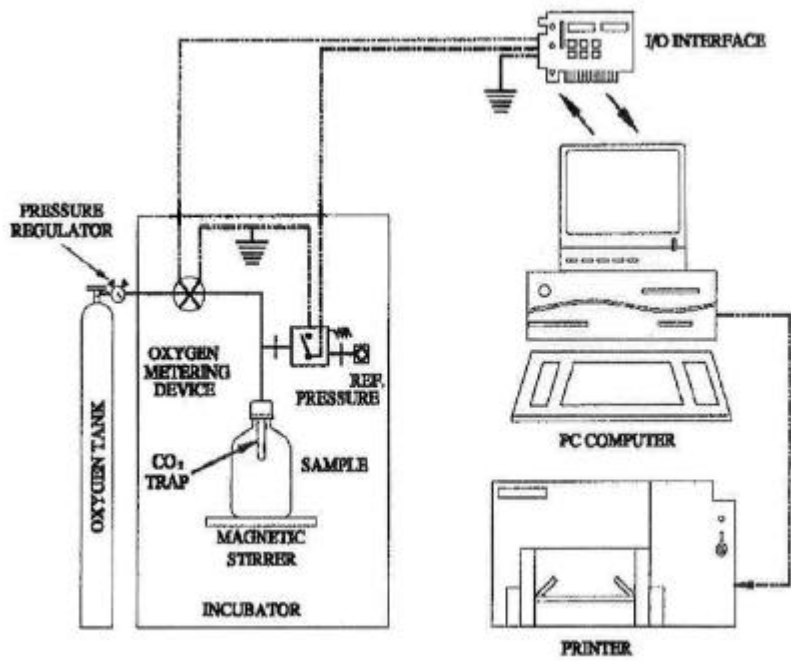


Figure 2. Schematic Diagram of Respirometer System

3.3. 分析 方法

Spectronic 20+) Spectrophotometer (Milton Roy
467nm $TiSO_4$ ²⁴⁾ .

TPH (Total Petroleum Hydrocarbon)

Gas Chromatography (Hewlett Packard 6890) GC
50 , 1 , 300 , 5 ,
Program rate 8M \emptyset /min column HP-5 Capillary column (
530 μ m, 30m, film thickness 0.88 μ m) . TPH
integrator 2 23 peak .

CFUs (Co-
-lony Forming Units) . Bacto Pl-
-ate Count Agar (Bacto Tryptone 5g, Bacto Yeast Extract 2.5g,
Glucose 1g, Bacto Agar 15g) , 0.1% Bacto Peptone
²⁵⁾ .

. 結果 考察

4.1. 制限因子 濃度 決定 實驗

4.1.1. 總窒素 總磷 濃度 決定 實驗

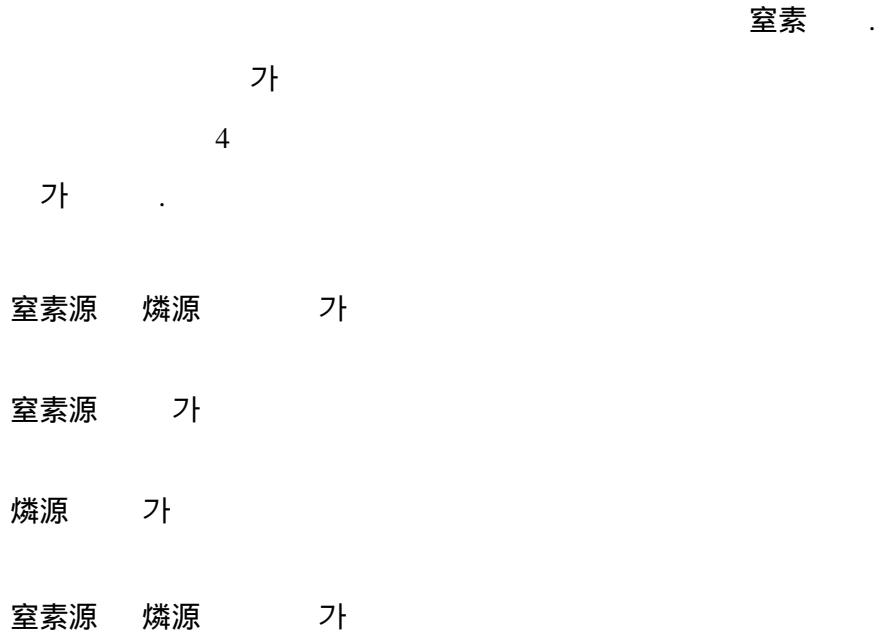


Fig. 3 가 가 가

가

Fig. 4

가 가 가
가 8ppm .

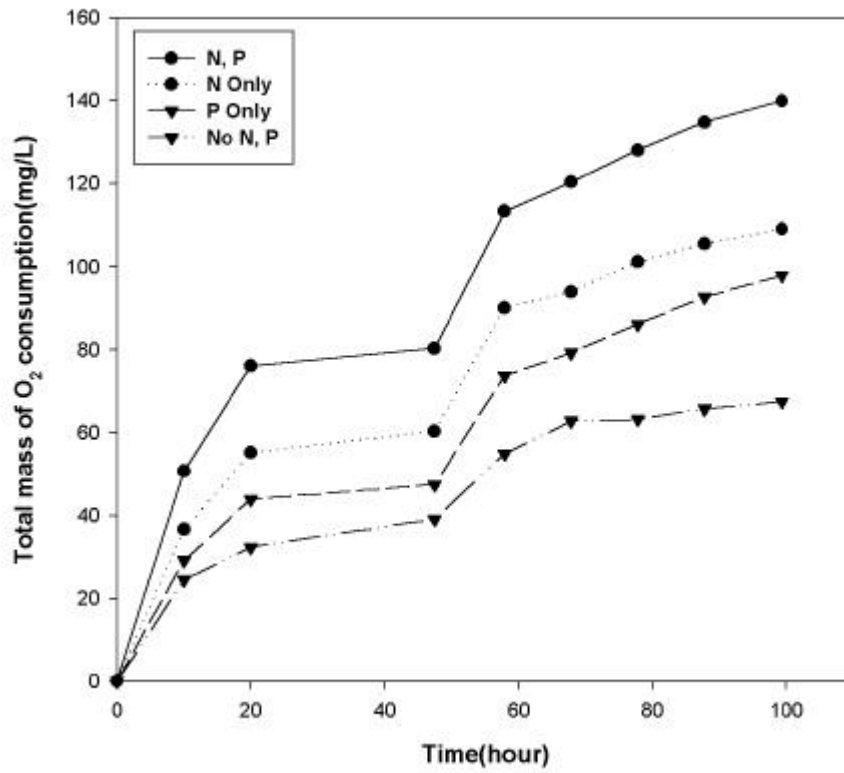


Figure 3. The Effect of Inorganic Nutrient Addition to the Microorganism Growth

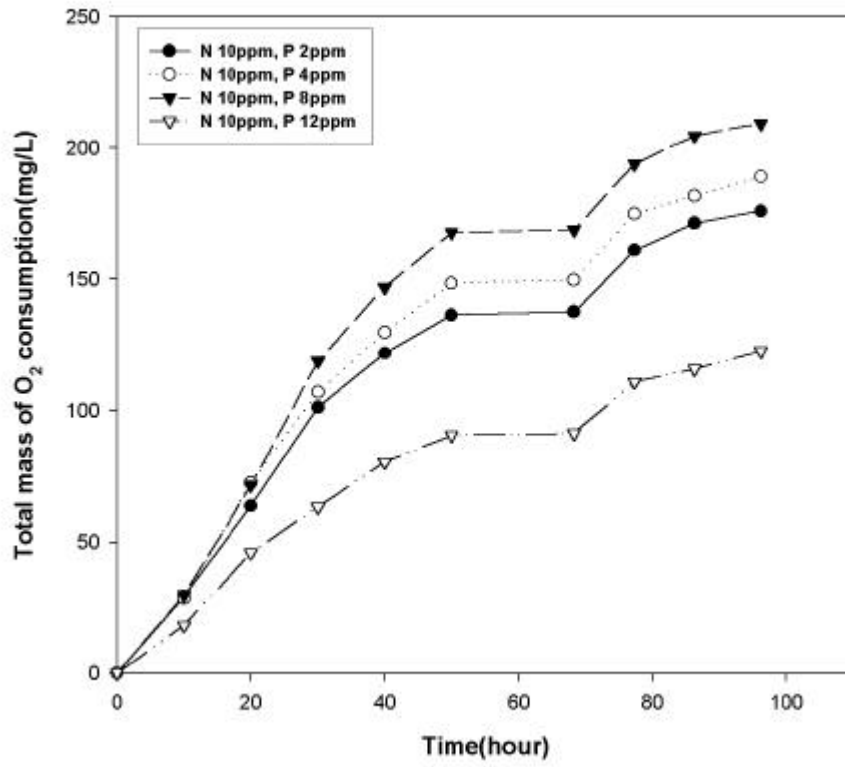


Figure 4. Total Mass of O₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Inorganic Nutrient Concentration

4.1.2. 過酸化水素 濃度 決定 實驗

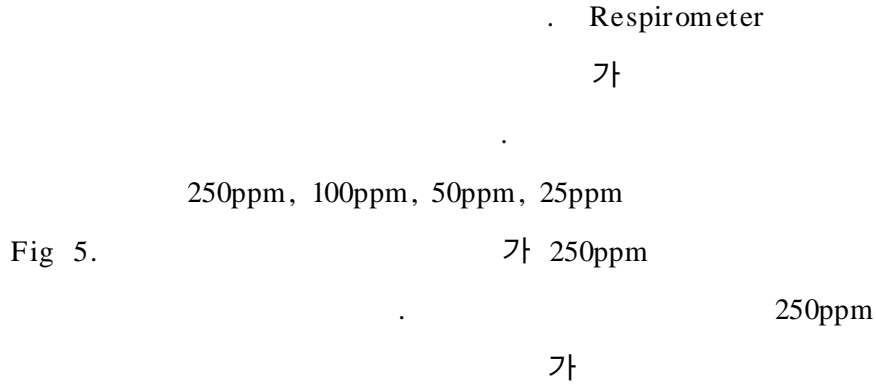


Fig 5.

4.1.3. 微生物 製材 濃度 決定 實驗

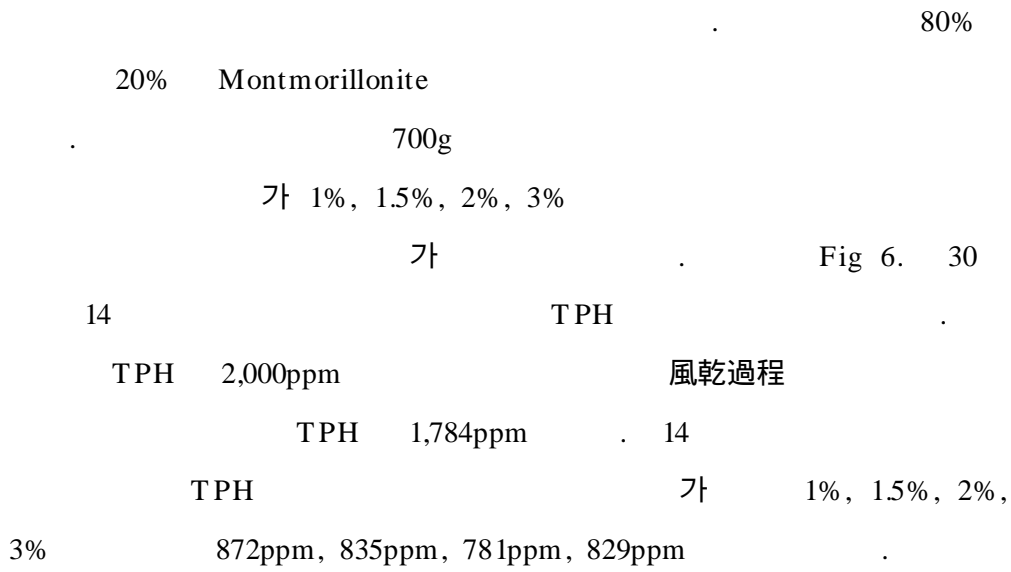


Fig 6. 30

. 2%

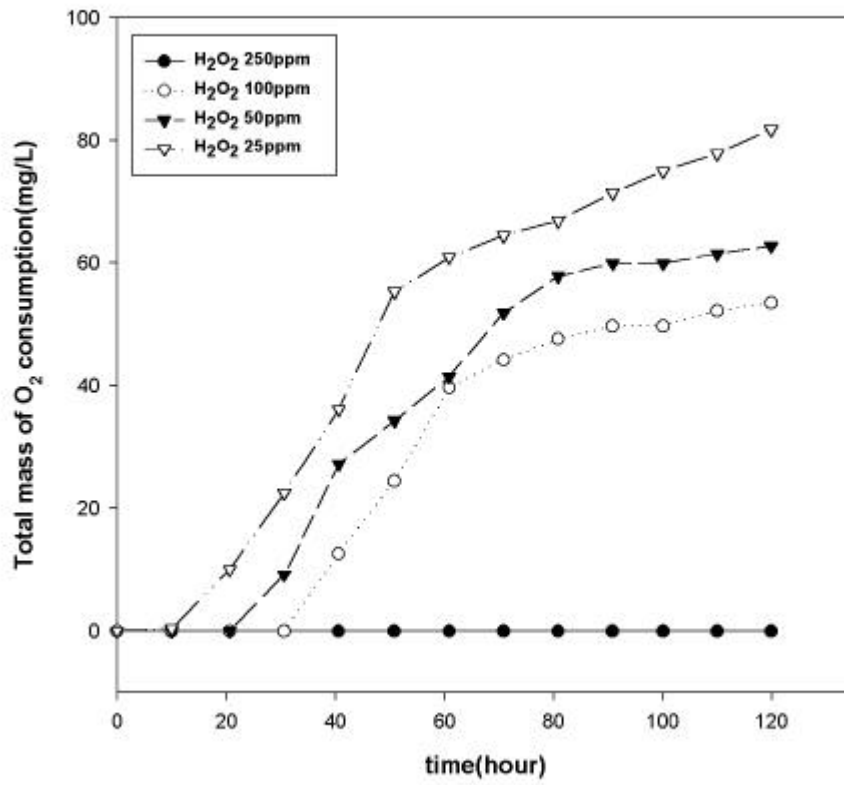


Figure 5. Total Mass of O₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Hydrogen Peroxide Concentration

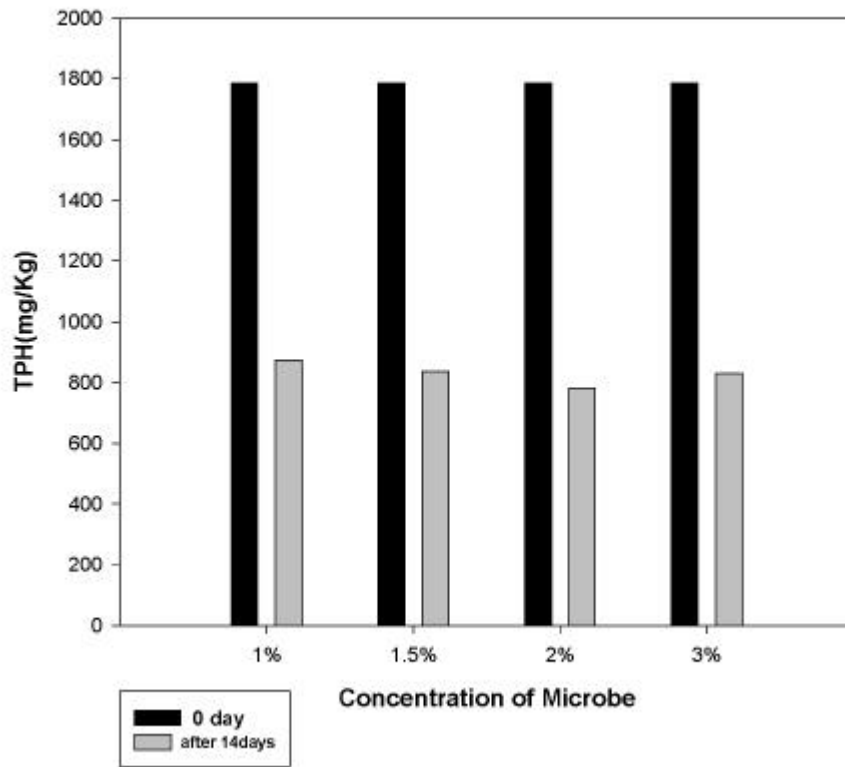


Figure 6. TPH Removal at Different Microbe Concentration

4.2. 鐵鑛石 過酸化水素 分解時 Phosphate

Citric Acid가 影響

(500ppm) (1.0g/L)
 Phosphate Citric Acid 가
 Fig 7. Fig 8.
 Phosphate Citric Acid 가

Goethite

1

$$\frac{-d[H_2O_2]}{dt} = k_{obs}[H_2O_2], \quad k_{obs} \quad 1 \quad (\text{min}^{-1})$$

, 1

$$\ln ([H_2O_2]/[H_2O_2]_0) = - k_{obs} t$$

1

Phosphate

가 0, 0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 1.0g/L

1

0.0099, 0.0038, 0.0027, 0.0017, 0.0016

, Citric acid

가 0, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 3.0g/L

1

0.0148, 0.0092, 0.0065, 0.0051, 0.0035

[26].

1.0g/L Citric Acid 0.0065가 Phosphate
 0.0016 Citric Acid가
 가 Phosphate가

가 가
 가

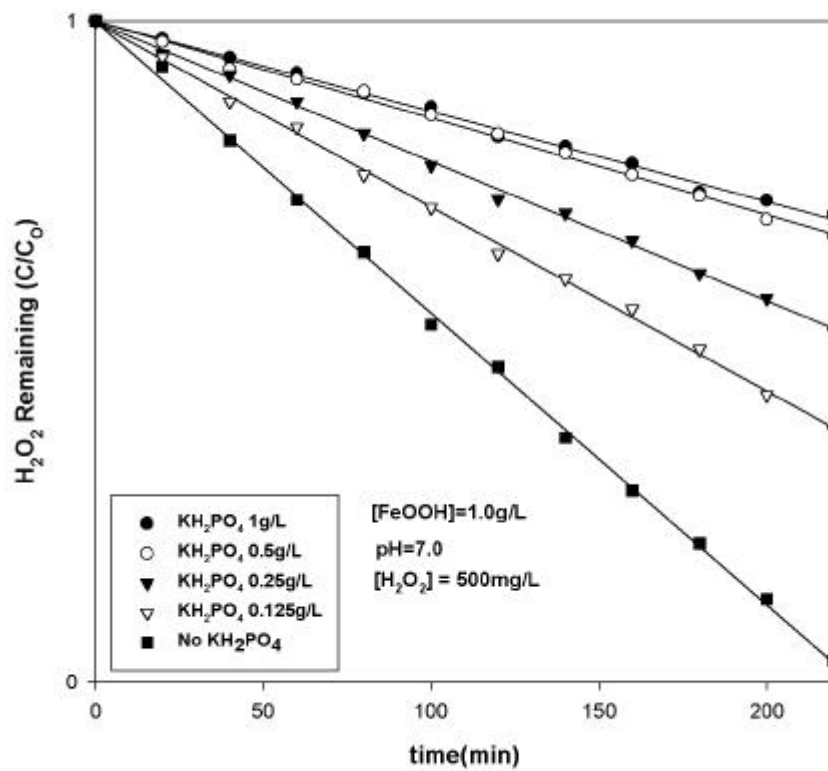


Figure 7. First-order Fit of Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition for Different Concentrations of Phosphate

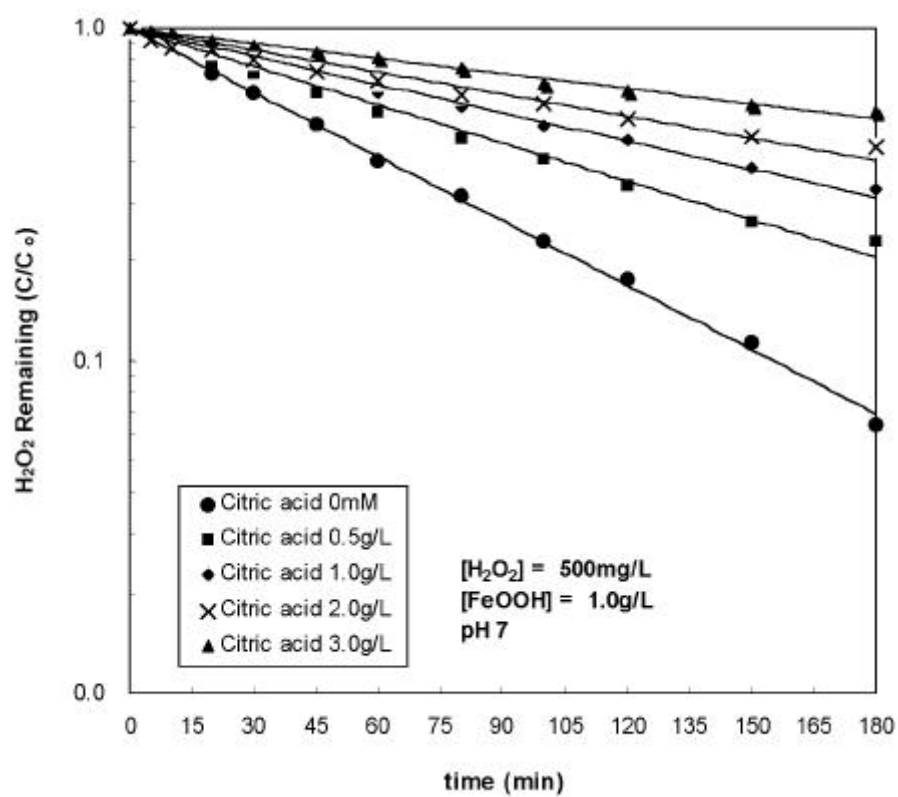


Figure 8. First-order Fit of Hydrogen Peroxide Decomposition for Different Concentrations of Citric Acid

4.3. Hydroxyl Radical 微生物 成長 影響

가 (Hydroxyl Radical)

4 0.125g/L, 0.25g/L, 0.5g/L, 1.0g/L 가
, 100ppm

Colony Forming Units(CFU)

Fig 9.

4.8 × 10⁶ 1
4.1, 3.7, 3.1, 2.65 × 10⁶
가 가 Radical 가
가 가 가

Hydroxyl Radical

Hydroxyl Radical

Fig 10.

가

Hydroxyl Radical

100ppm 50ppm

1.0g/L

Hydroxyl Radical

가

Radical

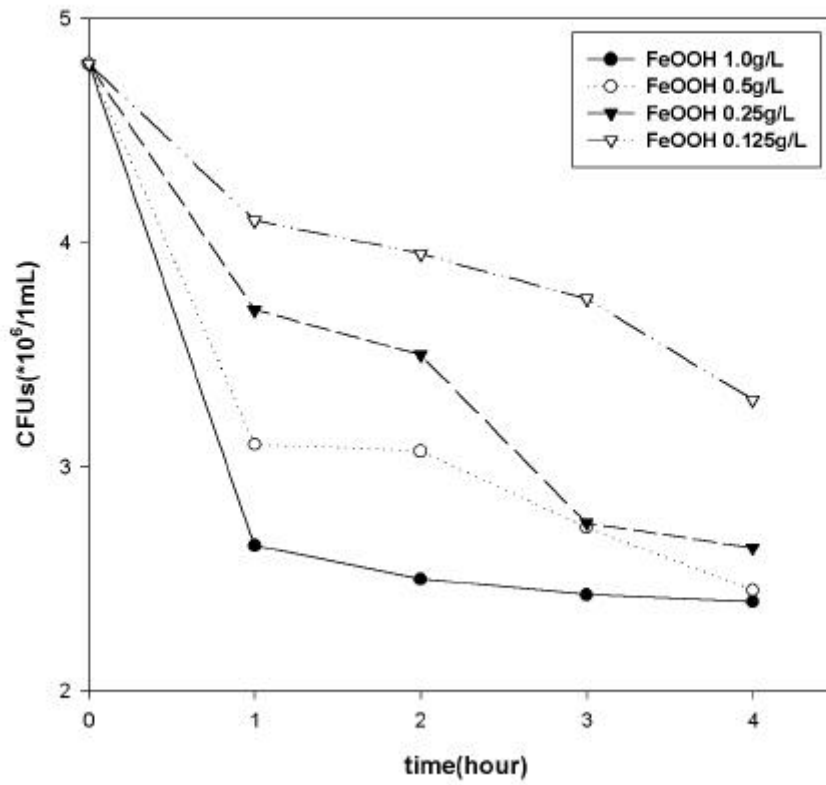


Figure 9. CFUs Variation at Different Hydroxyl Radical Concentration

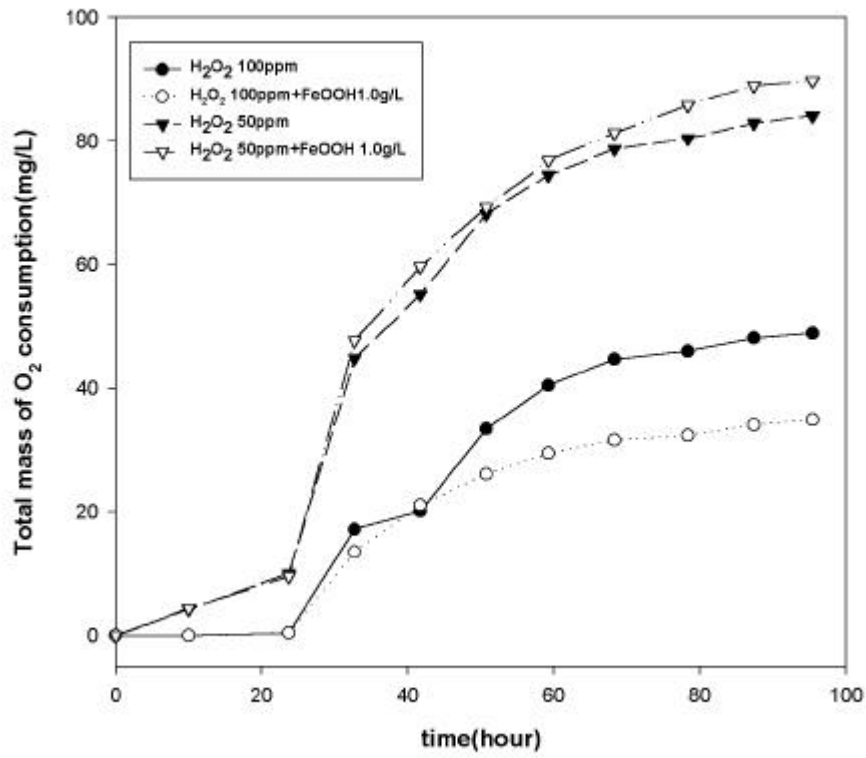


Figure 10. The Effect of Hydroxyl Radical Concentration to the Microorganism Growth

4.4. Metal-Complexing Agents Phosphate Citric Acid가 微生物 成長 影響

Fig 11. Fig 12. Phosphate Citric acid 가
 . 4

([H₂O₂]=100ppm, [FeOOH]=1.0g/L) Phosphate Citric Acid
 0.125, 0.25, 0.5, 1.0g/L .

Fig 11. Fig 12. Phosphate Citric Acid
 가 .
 100
 60ppm , Phosphate 67ppm,
 Citric Acid 560ppm
 . Citric Acid
 Citric Acid가 Hydroxyl Radical

Phosphate Citric Acid 가가
 Hydroxyl Radical
 가
 . 4 1.0g/L
 2 200ppm, 300ppm
 . Phosphate
 1.0g/L , Citric Acid 1.0g/L

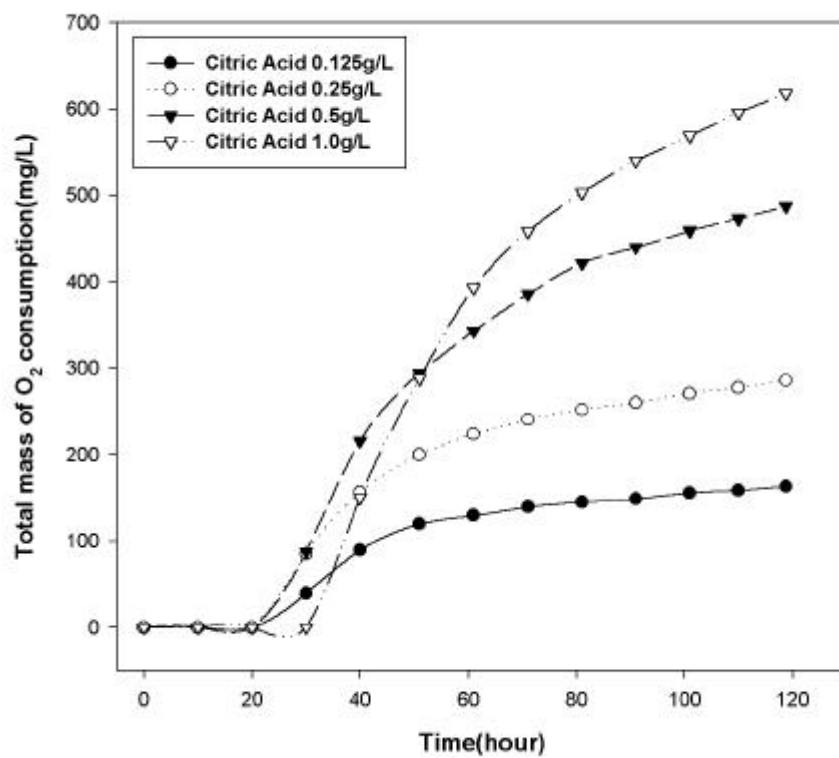


Figure 12. Total Mass of O₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different Citric Acid Concentration ([H₂O₂]=100ppm, [FeOOH]=1g/L)

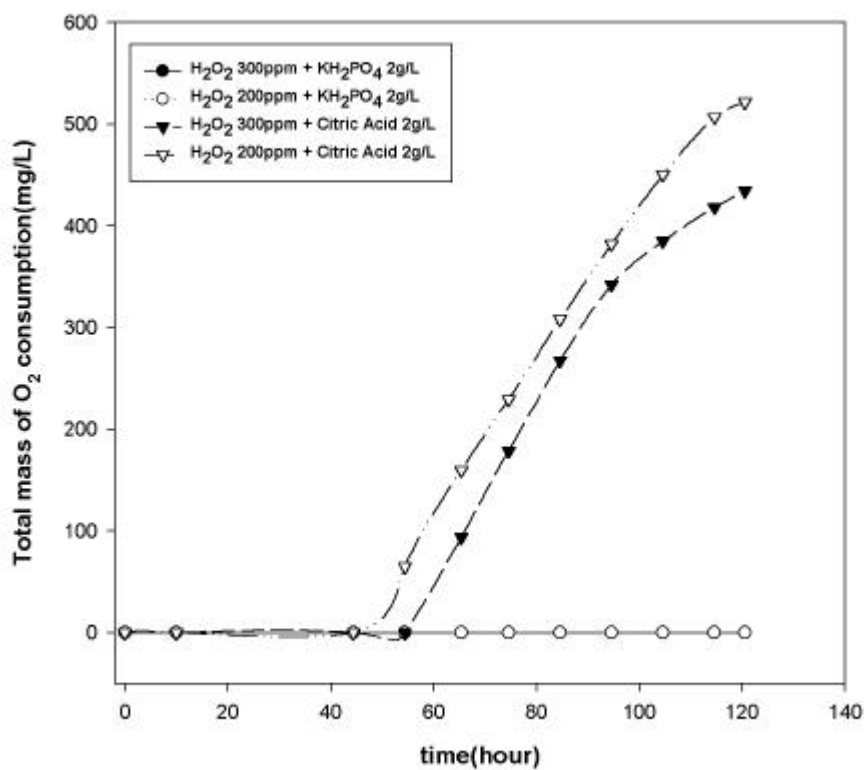


Figure 13. Total Mass of O₂ Consumption by Microbe at Different H₂O₂ and Metal-Complexing Agents ([FeOOH]=1g/L)

. 結 論

- 가 Lab scale
- 制限因子 濃度 決定 過酸化水素 酸素源 適用 可能性
- (1) 가 限界營養分 가
- 가
- 窒素源 磷源 NH₃Cl KH₂PO₄ , 10ppm
- 8ppm 가 .
- (2) 250ppm 過酸化水素 ,
- 가 가 TPH 가
- 가 2%
- 가 .
- (3) Goethite가 Hydroxyl Radical
- Phosphate
- Citric Acid 가 .
- (4) Citric Acid 가 , 300ppm 가
- Hydroxyl Radical Scavenger
- Citric Acid .

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